

13.2)

Bryan Berns

$$\Gamma = \frac{\sqrt{1} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{2}} = -.1716$$

Since coming from left, the initial and reflect components add:

$$(1 + |\Gamma|)E_i = 11.716 \text{ V/m}$$

$$|H| = \frac{|E|}{\eta_0} = .031 \text{ A/m}$$

$$13.4) \quad T = \frac{2\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1.75}} = .86$$

$$P_2 = \frac{(T \cdot \sqrt{P_1 \eta_0})^2}{\eta_2}$$

$$a) \quad P_1 = \frac{E_i^2}{\eta_0} \quad \frac{E_2^2}{\eta_2} = P_2 \quad E_2 = E_i \cdot T \quad P_2 = \left[\frac{(624.8^2)(.1)}{\frac{\eta_0}{\sqrt{1.75}}} \right] \cdot 25\% = 343.2 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{343.2}{1400} \approx 24.5\%$$

$$b) \quad 25\% \cdot 1400 = 350$$

$$\frac{350}{1400} = 25\% \text{ efficiency.}$$

Since there is no boundary, essentially

$$13.5) \quad T = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1.8}} = .854 \quad \Gamma = 1 - T = .1459$$

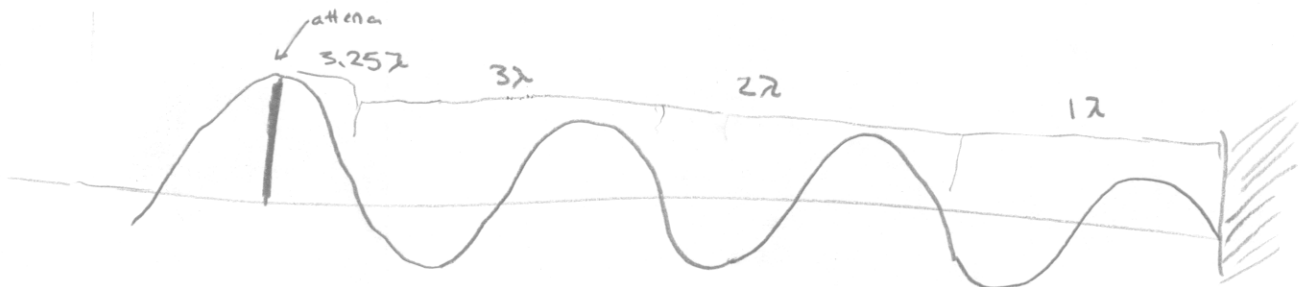
$$P = \frac{E_i^2}{\eta} = .1 \Rightarrow E_i = 6.14 \quad E_2 = (T)(6.14) = 5.24 \quad H_2 = \frac{E}{\eta} = .0186 \text{ A/m}$$

$$E_i = E_i(1 + \Gamma) = 7.035 \text{ V/m} \quad H_1 = \frac{E_i}{\eta_0} = .01866 \text{ A/m}$$

13.5 cont)

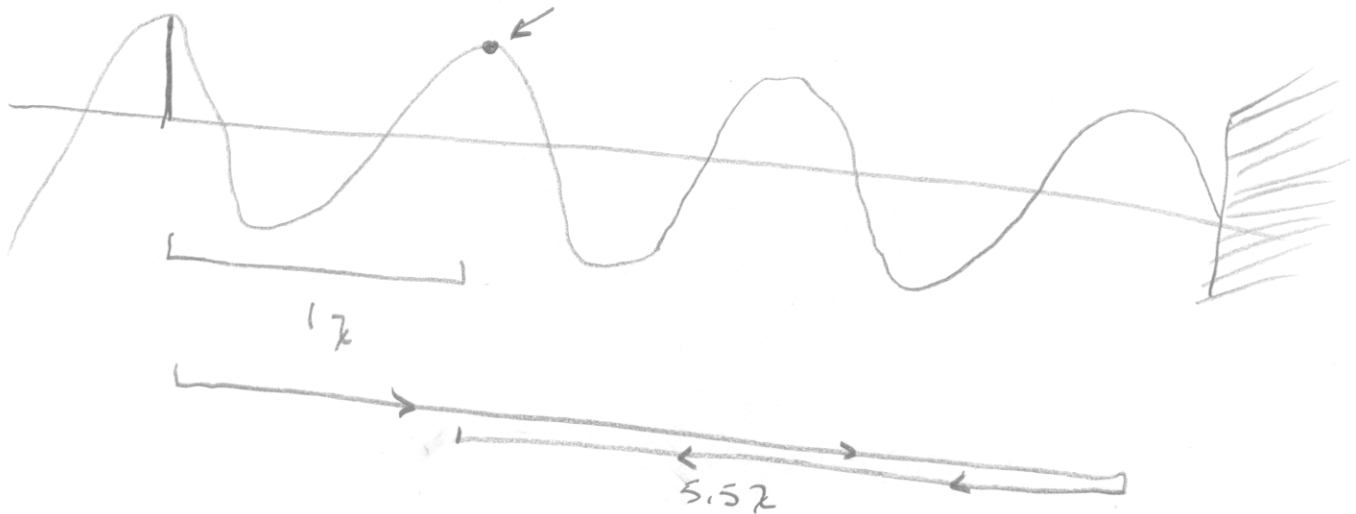
$$P_T = A \cdot |H| \cdot |E| = \left(\frac{10^{-4}}{2}\right)^2 \cdot E_2 \cdot H_2 = 7.68 \times 10^{-10} \text{ W}$$

13.8) a)



$$z = 3.25\lambda \text{ or } 39\text{m}$$

b)



$$\text{so } E = E_0 e^{-\alpha 1\lambda} + E_0 e^{-\alpha 5.5\lambda}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\sigma \pi_0}{2\sqrt{\eta}} = 9.424 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$E = 100 e^{-12(9.42 \times 10^{-4})} + 100 e^{-66(9.42 \times 10^{-4})} = 192.84 \text{ V/m}$$